Coprime



Two or more integers are *coprime* if they have no positive factors in common other than 1.

There are lots of ways used to say or write this:

- *a* is coprime to *b*.
- *a* is relatively prime to *b*.
- *a* is mutually prime to *b*.
- hcf(a, b) = 1.
- gcd(a, b) = 1.
- $a \perp b$.

For example, 14 and 15 are coprime to each other as $14 = 2 \times 7$ and $15 = 3 \times 5$: they have no positive common factors other than 1.