An odd function is a function $f(x)$ with the property that $f(-x)=-f(x)$ for any value of $x$. The graph of $y=f(x)$ for an odd function has rotational symmetry about the origin.

Examples are $\sin x$ and $x^{3}$.
Note that it is possible for a function to be neither odd nor even, for example $f(x)=1+2 x$.


