## Product rule

The product rule is a rule for differentiating a product of two functions.
If $y=u v$ is a product of two functions, then

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{d u}{d x} v+u \frac{d v}{d x} .
$$

This can be generalised to a product of more than two functions. If $y=u v w \ldots$, then

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{d u}{d x} v w \ldots+u \frac{d v}{d x} w \ldots+u v \frac{d w}{d x} \ldots+\cdots
$$

The Leibniz rule is a generalisation of the product rule to second and higher derivatives:

$$
\frac{d^{n}}{d x^{n}}(u v)=\sum_{k=0}^{n}\binom{n}{k} u^{(k)} v^{(n-k)},
$$

where $u^{(k)}$ means the $k$ th derivative of $u$.

